

Funding Opportunities

Type	Funder or Title, FOA, Website	Purpose	Expires
R01	Improving Diet and Physical Activity Assessment PAR-12-198	Encourage innovative research to enhance the quality of measurements of dietary intake and physical activity. Applications submitted under this FOA may include development of: Novel assessment approaches; better methods to evaluate instruments; assessment tools for culturally diverse populations or various age groups, including older adults; improved technology or applications of existing technology; statistical methods to assess or correct for measurement errors or biases, methods to investigate the multidimensionality of diet and physical activity behavior through pattern analysis; or integrated measurement of diet and physical activity along with the environmental context of such behaviors.	9/8/15
R21	Improving Diet and Physical Activity Assessment PAR-12-197		
R21	Environmental Exposures and Health: Exploration of Non-Traditional Settings PA-12-134	Aimed at promoting health, limiting symptoms and disease, and reducing health disparities in children and older adults living or spending time in non-traditional settings. These settings result in exposure to environmental pollutants and toxins that result in health risks, symptoms, and other health conditions/diseases including lower respiratory diseases, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, and cardiovascular diseases. Risk identification and symptom management include prevention and behavior changes and actions to maintain health and prevent disease with an emphasis on the individual, family, and community which will advance nursing science.	9/8/15
R01	Environmental Exposures and Health: Exploration of Non-Traditional Settings PA-12-133		
R01	Examination of Survivorship Care Planning Efficacy and Impact PA-12-275	Stimulate research to evaluate the effect of care planning on cancer survivors' health and psychosocial outcomes; self-management of late effects and adherence to cancer screening and health behavior guidelines; utilization of follow-up care; organizational-level factors influencing the implementation of care planning; and associated costs. The ultimate goal of this FOA is to generate a body of science that will inform the development and delivery of interventions and best practices in follow-up care for cancer survivors.	1/8/16
R21	Understanding & Promoting Health Literacy PAR-13-132	Encourage methodological, intervention and dissemination research for understanding and promoting health literacy. Health literacy is defined as the degree to which individuals have the capacity to obtain, process, and understand basic health information and services needed to make appropriate health decisions.	5/8/16
R03	Understanding & Promoting Health Literacy PAR-13-131		
R01	Understanding & Promoting Health Literacy PAR-10-130		
K01	AHRQ PCOR Mentored Research Scientist Development Award PA-13-181	Prepare qualified individuals for careers utilizing complex comparative effectiveness research (CER) methods to clinical and health systems PCOR issues, involving stakeholders, as appropriate, in the design, execution, and dissemination of the research.	7/13/16
K08	AHRQ PCOR Mentored Research Scientist Development Award PA-13-180		

Funding Opportunities

<p>R21</p>	<p>Behavioral and Social Science Research on Understanding and Reducing Health Disparities PA-13-288</p>	<p>Encourage behavioral and social science research on the causes and solutions to health and disabilities disparities in the U. S. population. Health disparities between, on the one hand, racial/ethnic populations, lower socioeconomic classes, and rural residents and, on the other hand, the overall U.S. population are major public health concerns. Emphasis is placed on research in and among three broad areas of action: 1) public policy, 2) health care, and 3) disease/disability prevention. Particular attention is given to reducing “health gaps” among groups. Applications that utilize an interdisciplinary approach, investigate multiple levels of analysis, incorporate a life-course perspective, and/or employ innovative methods such as systems science or community-based participatory research are particularly encouraged.</p>	<p>9/8/16</p>
<p>R01</p>	<p>Behavioral and Social Science Research on Understanding and Reducing Health Disparities PA-13-292</p>	<p>Encourage behavioral and social science research on the causes and solutions to health and disabilities disparities in the U. S. population. Health disparities between, on the one hand, racial/ethnic populations, lower socioeconomic classes, and rural residents and, on the other hand, the overall U.S. population are major public health concerns. Emphasis is placed on research in and among three broad areas of action: 1) public policy, 2) health care, and 3) disease/disability prevention. Particular attention is given to reducing “health gaps” among groups. Applications that utilize an interdisciplinary approach, investigate multiple levels of analysis, incorporate a life-course perspective, and/or employ innovative methods such as systems science or community-based participatory research are particularly encouraged.</p>	<p>9/8/16</p>
<p>Collaborative R01</p>	<p>Clinical Trials to Test the Effectiveness of Treatment, Preventive, and Services Interventions RFA-MH-16-415</p>	<p>Seeks to support investigator-initiated clinical trials to establish the effectiveness of interventions and to test hypotheses regarding moderators, mediators, and mechanisms of action of these interventions. Supports clinical trials designed to test the therapeutic value of treatment and preventive interventions for which there is already evidence of efficacy, for use in community and practice settings. Supports clinical trials to test patient-, provider-, organizational-, or systems -level services interventions to improve service access, engagement, quality, coordination, or delivery, with the goal of improved outcomes at the individual and population level. The intervention research covered under this announcement is explicitly focused on practice-relevant questions. Should be used when two or more sites are needed to complete the study. Accordingly, the collaborating studies share a specific protocol across the sites and are organized as such in order to increase sample size, accelerate recruitment, or increase sample diversity and representation. Each site has its own Program Director/Principal Investigator and the program provides a mechanism for cross-site coordination, quality control, database management, statistical analysis, and reporting. See Companion Funding Opportunity: RFA-MH-16-420, R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-410, R34 Clinical Trial Planning Grant Program RFA-MH-16-405, R21/R33 Phased Innovation Award RFA-MH-16-400, R33 Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II RFA-MH-16-425, R01 Research Project Grant PAR-14-107, U01 Research Project – Cooperative Agreements</p>	<p>10/15/16</p>

Funding Opportunities

<p>R01</p>	<p>Confirmatory Efficacy Clinical Trials of Non-Pharmacological Interventions for Mental Disorders RFA-MH-16-425</p>	<p>Support confirmatory efficacy testing of non-pharmacological therapeutic and preventive interventions for mental disorders in adults and children through an experimental therapeutics approach. Trials must be designed so that results, whether positive or negative, will provide information of high scientific utility and will support "go/no-go" decisions about further development, effectiveness testing, or dissemination of the intervention. Intervention studies include, but are not limited to behavioral, cognitive, interpersonal, and device-based approaches, or a combination thereof. Intended to support a sufficiently- powered efficacy trial to determine the intervention's potential for significant clinical benefit.</p> <p>- See Companion Funding Opportunity at: RFA-MH-16-415, Collaborative R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-410, R34 Clinical Trial Planning Grant Program RFA-MH-16-405, R21/R33 Phased Innovation Award RFA-MH-16-400, R33 Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II RFA-MH-16-420, R01 Research Project Grant PAR-14-107, U01 Research Project – Cooperative Agreements</p>	<p>10/15/16</p>
<p>R01</p>	<p>Clinical Trials to Test the Effectiveness of Treatment, Preventive, and Services Interventions RFA-MH-16-420</p>	<p>Seeks to support investigator-initiated clinical trials to establish the effectiveness of interventions and to test hypotheses regarding moderators, mediators, and mechanisms of action of these interventions. Supports clinical trials designed to test the therapeutic value of treatment and preventive interventions for which there is already evidence of efficacy, for use in community and practice settings. Supports clinical trials to test patient-, provider-, organizational-, or systems -level services interventions to improve service access, engagement, quality, coordination, or delivery, with the goal of improved outcomes at the individual and population level. The intervention research covered under this announcement is explicitly focused on practice-relevant questions.</p> <p>- See Companion Funding Opportunity: RFA-MH-16-415, Collaborative R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-410, R34 Clinical Trial Planning Grant Program RFA-MH-16-405, R21/R33 Phased Innovation Award RFA-MH-16-400, R33 Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II RFA-MH-16-425, R01 Research Project Grant PAR-14-107, U01 Research Project – Cooperative Agreements</p>	<p>10/15/16</p>

Funding Opportunities

<p>R34</p>	<p>Pilot Effectiveness Trials for Treatment, Preventive and Services Interventions RFA-MH-16-410</p>	<p>Encourage pilot research consistent with NIMH's priorities for: 1) effectiveness research on preventive and therapeutic interventions with previously demonstrated efficacy, for use with broader target populations or for use in community practice settings, and 2) research on the development and preliminary testing of innovative services interventions. Applications should provide resources for evaluating the feasibility, tolerability, acceptability and safety of approaches to improve mental health or functional outcomes, or modify risk factors, and for obtaining the preliminary data needed as a pre-requisite to a larger-scale intervention trial (e.g., comparative effectiveness study, practical trial) or large-scale services study. NIMH places highest priority on approaches that can be justified in terms of their potential to substantially impact practice and public health and approaches that are empirically grounded.</p> <p>- See Companion Funding Opportunity: RFA-MH-16-415, Collaborative R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-420, R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-405, R21/R33 Phased Innovation Award RFA-MH-16-400, R33 Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II RFA-MH-16-425, R01 Research Project Grant</p>	<p>10/15/16</p>
<p>R33</p>	<p>Exploratory Clinical Trials of Novel Interventions for Mental Disorders RFA-MH-16-400</p>	<p>Support the efficient pilot testing of novel interventions for mental disorders in adults and children through an experimental therapeutics approach. Trials must be designed so that results, whether positive or negative, will provide information of high scientific utility and will support “go/no-go” decisions about further development or testing of the intervention. Studies of novel interventions include, but are not limited to behavioral, pharmacological, biologics-based, cognitive, device-based, interpersonal, physiological, or combined approaches. Support will be provided for testing and validating the intervention’s ability to affect a specified target, and for relating the change in target to functional or clinical effects. Intended to speed the translation of emerging basic science findings of mechanisms and processes underlying mental disorders into novel interventions that can be efficiently tested for their promise in restoring function and reducing symptoms for those living with mental disorders. See Companion Funding Opportunity: RFA-MH-16-415, Collaborative R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-410, R34 Clinical Trial Planning Grant Program RFA-MH-16-420, R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-405, R21/R33 Phased Innovation Award RFA-MH-16-425, R01 Research Project Grant</p>	<p>10/15/16</p>

Funding Opportunities

<p>R21/R33</p>	<p>Exploratory Clinical Trials of Novel Interventions for Mental Disorders RFA-MH-16-405</p>	<p>Support the efficient pilot testing of novel interventions for mental disorders in adults and children through an experimental therapeutics approach. Under this FOA, trials must be designed so that results, whether positive or negative, will provide information of high scientific utility and will support “go/no-go” decisions about further development or testing of the intervention. Studies of novel interventions include, but are not limited to behavioral, pharmacological, biologics-based, cognitive, device-based, interpersonal, physiological, or combined approaches. Support will be provided for up to two years (R21 phase) for preliminary milestone-driven testing and validating of the intervention’s therapeutic target, possibly followed by up to 3 years of support (R33 phase) for studies relating change in the intervention target to functional or clinical effects. Intended to speed the translation of emerging basic science findings of mechanisms and processes underlying mental disorders into novel interventions that can be efficiently tested for their promise in restoring function and reducing symptoms for those living with mental disorders.</p> <p>See Companion Funding Opportunity: RFA-MH-16-415, Collaborative R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-410, R34 Clinical Trial Planning Grant Program RFA-MH-16-420, R01 Research Project Grant RFA-MH-16-400, R33 Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II RFA-MH-16-425, R01 Research Project Grant</p>	<p>10/15/16</p>
<p>R18</p>	<p>Evaluating Natural Experiments in Healthcare to Improve Diabetes Prevention and Treatment PAR-13-365</p>	<p>Support research to evaluate large scale policies or programs related to healthcare delivery that are expected to influence diabetes prevention and care. It is not intended to support the initiation and delivery of new policies or programs. Research support is for the evaluation of the effectiveness of healthcare programs and/or policies implemented independent of NIH grant funding. The goal is to support research that meaningfully informs clinical practice and health policy related to prevention or management of diabetes.</p>	<p>11/2/16</p>
<p>R01</p>	<p>Translational Research to Improve Obesity and Diabetes Outcomes PA-13-352</p>	<p>Test practical, sustainable, acceptable, and cost efficient adaptations of efficacious strategies or approaches prevent and treat diabetes and/or obesity. Research must target the prevention or reversal of obesity, prevention of type 2 diabetes, improved care of type 1 and type 2 diabetes, or the prevention or delay of the complications of these conditions. The approaches tested should have the potential to be widely disseminated to clinical practice, individuals and communities at risk.</p>	<p>1/8/17</p>

Funding Opportunities

R21	Design & Development of Novel Technologies for Healthy Independent Living PAR-14-119	Encourages applications for research and development of technologies that monitor health or deliver care in a real-time, accessible, effective, and minimally obtrusive way. Systems are expected to integrate, process, analyze, communicate, and present data so that the individuals are engaged and empowered in their own healthcare with reduced burden to care providers. The development of these technology systems has the potential to significantly improve the quality of life for people with disabilities, people aging with mild impairments, as well as individuals with chronic conditions.	1/8/17
R01	Technologies for Healthy Independent Living PAR-14-118		
R21	Translational Research to Help Older Adults Maintain their Health & Independence in the Community PA-14-159	For translational research that moves evidence-based research findings towards the development of new interventions, programs, policies, practices, and tools that can be used by community-based organizations to help elderly individuals remain healthy and independent, and living in their own homes and communities. The goal of this FOA is to support translational research involving collaborations between academic research centers and community-based organizations with expertise serving the elderly (such as city and state health departments, city/town leadership councils, and Area Agencies on Aging) that will enhance our understanding of practical tools, techniques, programs and policies that communities across the nation can use to more effectively respond to needs of their aging populations.	5/8/17
R01	Translational Research to Help Older Adults Maintain their Health & Independence in the Community PA-14-161		
R21	Community Partnerships to Advance Research PA-14-141	Encourages researchers to partner with communities using Community Engaged Research methodologies that will enhance relationships leading to better interventions and positive health outcomes. Research Objectives To partner with a community entity on health issues that is of mutual concern, such as but not limited to: * Interventions/programs for health promotion/prevention * Interventions/programs leading to self-management in chronic conditions * Programs that target self or symptom management * Examine ways to enhance or implement sustainable health programs in community settings	5/8/17
R01	Community Partnerships to Advance Research PA-14-142		
R15	Community Partnerships to Advance Research PA-14-140		

Funding Opportunities

R01	Behavioral Interventions to Address Multiple Chronic Health Conditions in Primary Care PA-14-114	<p>Seeks applications that propose to use a common conceptual model to develop behavioral interventions to modify health behaviors and improve health outcomes in patients with comorbid chronic diseases and health conditions. Will support research in primary care that uses a multi-disease care management approach to behavioral interventions with high potential impact to improve patient-level health outcomes for individuals with three or more chronic health conditions. The proposed approach must modify behaviors using a common approach rather than administering a distinct intervention for each targeted behavior and/or condition. Diseases and health conditions can include, but are not limited to: mental health disorders (e.g., depression), diabetes, smoking, obesity, chronic pain, alcohol and substance abuse and dependence, chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder, cancer and hypertension.</p>	5/8/17
R01	Testing Interventions for Health-Enhancing Physical Activity PAR-14-315	<p>Fund highly innovative and promising research that tests multi-level intervention programs of 1 to 2 years in length that are designed to increase health-enhancing physical activity: 1) in persons or groups that can benefit from such activity; and 2) that could be made scalable and sustainable for broad use across the nation. Provides support for up to 5 years for research planning, intervention delivery, and follow-up activities.</p>	8/8/17
R01	Interventions for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention in Native Americans PAR-14-260	<p>Develop, adapt, and test the effectiveness of health promotion and disease prevention interventions in Native American (NA) populations</p>	8/25/17
R03	Drug Abuse Prevention Intervention Research PA-15-081	<p>Advance the science of drug abuse and drug-related HIV prevention through 1)development of novel prevention approaches, 2)testing of novel & adapted prevention intervention approaches 3)elucidation of processes associated with selection, adoption, adaptation, implementation, sustainability, & financing of empirically validated interventions, 4)development of new methodologies suitable for design & analysis of prevention research studies. Programs of research are intended to provide pathways toward the discovery of population-level approaches for prevention of drug abuse & dependence, drug-related problems & drug-related disorders .</p>	9/8/17
R01	Drug Abuse Prevention Intervention Research PA-15-082		

Funding Opportunities

R01	Developing Interventions for Health-Enhancing Physical Activity PAR-14-315	Purpose is to fund highly innovative and promising research that tests multi-level intervention programs of 1 to 2 years in length that are designed to increase health-enhancing physical activity: 1) in persons or groups that can benefit from such activity; and 2) that could be made scalable and sustainable for broad use across the nation.	9/8/2017
K08	NCI Mentored Clinical Scientist Research Career Development Award to Promote Diversity PAR-15-060	Prepare individuals for careers that have a significant impact on the health-related research needs of the Nation. This program represents the continuation of a long-standing NIH program that provides support and protected time to individuals with a clinical doctoral degree for an intensive, supervised research career development experience in the fields of biomedical and behavioral research, including translational research. This NCI-sponsored K08 award is specifically designed to promote career development of clinical scientists from diverse backgrounds that have been shown to be underrepresented in health-related science and for those who are committed to a career in basic biomedical, behavioral or translational cancer research, including research on cancer health disparities. The expectation is that through this sustained period of research career development and training, awardees will develop enhanced research capabilities for cancer research careers and be better prepared to compete for research project grants (e.g. R03, R21, or R01) funding.	1/8/18
R21	Self-Management for Health in Chronic Conditions PA-14-343	The purpose of this initiative is to support research in self-management focused across conditions. The Institute of Medicine identifies the epidemic of chronic condition as the nation’s leading health challenge and calls for cross-cutting, coordinated public health actions for “living well with chronic illness”. This FOA addresses that recommendation by describing an initiative that focuses on self-management as a mainstream science in order to reduce the burden of chronic illnesses/conditions. Self-management is the ability of the individual, in conjunction with family, community, and healthcare professionals, to manage symptoms, treatments, lifestyle changes, and psychosocial, cultural, and spiritual consequences associated with a chronic illness or condition.	1/8/18
R15	Self-Management for Health in Chronic Conditions PA-14-345		
R01	Self-Management for Health in Chronic Conditions PA-14-344		
R21	Prevention Research in Mid-Life Adults PA-15-097	Seeks to stimulate research on mid-life adults (those 50 to 64 years of age) that can inform efforts to optimize health and wellness as individuals age, and prevent illness and disability in later years.	5/8/2018
R01	Prevention Research in Mid-Life Adults PA-15-098		

Funding Opportunities

<p>R21</p> <p>T2 Translational Research: Research Leading to New Health Care Practices, Community Programs and Policies Affecting Older Persons</p>		<p>Encourages exploratory/developmental research projects on translational research (T2) directed towards development of health care practices, community programs and policies, including monitoring and quality improvement for pharmacological and non-pharmacological approaches for preventing and treating key health issues affecting the elderly.</p>	<p>9/8/2018</p>
<p>R21</p> <p>Dissemination & Implementation Research in Health PAR-13-054</p>		<p>Encourages investigators to submit research grant applications that will identify, develop, evaluate and refine effective and efficient methods, systems, infrastructures, and strategies to disseminate and implement research-tested health behavior change interventions, evidence-based prevention, early detection, diagnostic, treatment and management, and quality of life improvement services, and data monitoring and surveillance reporting tools into public health and clinical practice settings that focus on patient outcomes.</p>	<p>See web site</p>
<p>R03</p> <p>Dissemination & Implementation Research in Health PAR-13-056</p>			
<p>R01</p> <p>Dissemination & Implementation Research in Health PAR-13-055</p>			
	<p>UW Institute for Clinical and Translational Research (ICTR) Funding</p>	<p>Support research that translates knowledge into improvements in clinical practice and community health. Funding aids research that addresses the gap between what we know and what we do in practice, as well as the development of interventions that require individual, organizational, or system behavior change. For funding opportunities and application cycles, see the ICTR website.</p> <p>**Only ICTR members are eligible to receive ICTR funding. Becoming a member is easy — simply fill out ICTR's Membership Application.</p>	<p>See website</p>
	<p>Wisconsin Partnership Program (WPP)</p>	<p>The Wisconsin Partnership Program administers seven grant programs, each with a unique approach toward improving the health of the people of Wisconsin. Learn more about WPP's grant programs, including the roles of community and academic partners at their website.</p>	<p>See website</p>
	<p>Ira and Ineva Reilly Baldwin Wisconsin Idea Endowment Competition- Baldwin Awards</p>	<p>Helps foster the Wisconsin Idea, the philosophy that the knowledge, ideas and solutions generated at the University benefit the people of Wisconsin, our nation and the world.</p> <p>Proposals are encouraged for new outreach and public engagement activities that partner with community and off-campus organizations to extend and apply our research, education and clinical knowledge to help solve problems or take advantage of opportunities. Projects may last up to three years.</p>	<p>See website</p>
	<p>Alzheimer's Association</p>	<p>The Alzheimer's Association International Research Grant Program is the largest private, nonprofit funder of Alzheimer's research.</p>	<p>See website</p>

Funding Opportunities

	Retirement Research Foundation	Funding interests: Improve the availability and quality of community-based and long-term services and supports. Provide new and expanded opportunities for older adults to engage in meaningful roles in society. Seek causes and solutions to significant problems of older adults. Increase the number of professionals and paraprofessionals adequately prepared to serve the elder population.	See website
	Robert Wood Johnson	The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation awards most of its grants through calls for proposals (CFPs). One of its seven program areas is improving the nation's public health system. There has been an annual solicitation for this area, and there is an expectation that it will continue in coming years. However, ultimate decision lies with the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation.	See website
PCORI	The Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI): Assessment of Prevention, Diagnosis & Treatment Options	For comparative effectiveness research designed to provide information that would inform critical decisions that face patients and caregivers, clinicians, policy makers, and health care system leaders. These decisions must be consequential and be occurring now in the absence of sound evidence about the comparative effectiveness of alternative approaches. There must be substantial potential that patients/caregivers will benefit from the new knowledge in ways that are important to them. The premise of this research is that the new knowledge will inform critical choices by patients and stakeholders in health care. This knowledge will provide insight about the comparative benefits and harms of the options and provide information about outcomes that are important to patients.	See website
PCORI	The Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI): Communication and Dissemination Research	Aim to address critical knowledge gaps in the communication and dissemination process—both the communication and dissemination of research results to patients, their caregivers, and clinicians, as well as the communication between patients, caregivers, and clinicians in the service of enabling patients and caregivers to make the best possible decisions in choosing among available options for care and treatment.	See website
PCORI	The Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI): Addressing Disparities	This PFA is particularly interested in comparative effectiveness studies that evaluate and compare new and alternative interventions with each other or with usual care to reduce or eliminate disparities in health and health care. Studies in the Addressing Disparities program should focus on overcoming barriers that may disproportionately affect the outcomes of specific groups of patients; or identify best practices for sharing results and information about patient-centered research across patient groups.	See website

Funding Opportunities

	Bader Philanthropies, Inc.	Bader Philanthropie strives to be a leader in improving the quality of life of the diverse communities in which it works. They seek proposals in specific program areas such as Alzheimer's & aging with a priority given to Wisconsin.	See website
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